		COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND RENEWAL AGENCY
		AMENDMENTS
		2010 GENERAL SESSION
		STATE OF UTAH
		Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
		House Sponsor:
]	LONG T	ITLE
(General 1	Description:
	Th	nis bill amends Community Development and Renewal Agencies provisions.
]	Highligh	ted Provisions:
	Th	nis bill:
	•	defines terms;
	•	amends a public entity's authority to assist with a project;
	•	amends notice requirements;
	•	amends provisions relating to the payment of tax increment;
	•	authorizes, in certain circumstances, an agency to loan tax increment from one
I	project ar	ea fund to another project area fund;
	•	amends provisions related to funds allocated for housing;
	•	requires, in certain circumstances, a licensed attorney to certify a project area
ł	budget;	
	•	prohibits, in certain circumstances, a person from contesting a project area budget or
8	an amend	ment to a project area budget;
	•	permits a successor taxing entity to enforce a resolution or interlocal agreement;
	•	prohibits, in certain circumstances, a person from contesting a resolution or
i	interlocal	agreement adopted by a taxing entity or public entity; and
	•	makes technical corrections.



28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	9-4-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
35	10-3-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
36	11-25-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
37	11-27-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
38	17C-1-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
39	17C-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
40	17C-1-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
41	17C-1-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
42	17C-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
43	17C-1-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
44	17C-1-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
45	17C-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
46	17C-2-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
47	17C-2-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
48	17C-2-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
49	17C-2-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
50	17C-3-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
51	17C-3-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
52	17C-3-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
53	17C-3-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
54	17C-3-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
55	17C-4-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
56	17C-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 387 and 388
57	17C-4-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
58	59-2-924.2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 218

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **9-4-704** is amended to read:

9-4-704. Distribution of fund moneys.

- (1) The executive director shall:
- (a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section 9-4-705, as directed by the board;
- (b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will be made; and
 - (c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded.
- (2) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal moneys contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the use of those moneys by the federal government.
- (3) (a) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any funds received pursuant to Section 17C-1-412 to pay the costs of providing income targeted housing within the community that created the community development and renewal agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act.
 - (b) As used in Subsection (3)(a):
 - (i) "Community" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (ii) "Income targeted housing" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (4) Except federal money and money received under Section 17C-1-412, the executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, all other moneys from the fund according to the following requirements:
 - (a) Not less than 30% of all fund moneys shall be distributed to rural areas of the state.
- (b) At least 50% of the moneys in the fund shall be distributed as loans to be repaid to the fund by the entity receiving them.
- (i) (A) Of the fund moneys distributed as loans, at least 50% shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
 - (B) The remaining loan moneys shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual

90 income is at or below 80% of the median family income for the state.

(ii) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall lend moneys in accordance with this Subsection (4) at a rate based upon the borrower's ability to pay.

- (c) Any fund moneys not distributed as loans shall be distributed as grants.
- (i) At least 90% of the fund moneys distributed as grants shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The remaining fund moneys distributed as grants may be used by the executive director to obtain federal matching funds or for other uses consistent with the intent of this part, including the payment of reasonable loan servicing costs, but no more than 3% of the revenues of the fund may be used to offset other department or board administrative expenses.
 - (5) The executive director may with the approval of the board:
- (a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
- (b) service or contract, pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code, for the servicing of loans made by the fund.
 - Section 2. Section 10-3-1303 is amended to read:

10-3-1303. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Appointed officer" means any person appointed to any statutory office or position or any other person appointed to any position of employment with a city or with a community development and renewal agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies <u>Act</u>. Appointed officers include, but are not limited to, persons serving on special, regular, or full-time committees, agencies, or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their services. The use of the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees "officers" of the municipality.
- (2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.

(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on a business.

- (4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to any person or business entity by anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
- (5) "Elected officer" means any person elected or appointed to the office of mayor, commissioner, or council member.
- (6) "Improper disclosure" means disclosure of private, controlled, or protected information to any person who does not have both the right and the need to receive the information.
- (7) "Municipal employee" means a person who is not an elected or appointed officer who is employed on a full or part-time basis by a municipality or by a community development and renewal agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies <u>Act</u>.
- (8) "Private, controlled, or protected information" means information classified as private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act or other applicable provision of law.
- (9) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
 - Section 3. Section 11-25-3 is amended to read:

11-25-3. Definitions.

As used in this [act] chapter:

- (1) "Bonds" mean any bonds, notes, interim certificates, debentures, or other obligations issued by an agency pursuant to this part and which are payable exclusively from the revenues, as defined in Subsection (9), and from any other funds specified in this part upon which the bonds may be made a charge and from which they are payable.
- (2) (a) "Citizen participation" means action by the agency to provide persons who will be affected by residential rehabilitation financed under the provisions of this part with

opportunities to be involved in planning and carrying out the residential rehabilitation program.

"Citizen participation" shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

[(a)] (i) Holding a public meeting prior to considering selection of the area for designation.

- [(b)] (ii) Consultation with representatives of owners of property in, and residents of, a residential rehabilitation area, in developing plans for public improvements and implementation of the residential rehabilitation program.
- [(e)] (iii) Dissemination of information relating to the time and location of meetings, boundaries of the proposed residential rehabilitation area, and a general description of the proposed residential rehabilitation program.
- (b) (i) Public meetings and consultations <u>described in Subsection (2)(a)</u> shall be conducted by an official designated by the agency.
- (ii) Public meetings shall be held at times and places convenient to residents and property owners.
- (3) "Financing" means the lending of moneys or any other thing of value for the purpose of residential rehabilitation.
- (4) "Agency" means a community development and renewal agency functioning pursuant to Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies <u>Act</u>.
- (5) "Participating party" means any person, company, corporation, partnership, firm, agency, political subdivision of the state, or other entity or group of entities requiring financing for residential rehabilitation pursuant to the provisions of this part. No elective officer of the state or any of its political subdivisions shall be eligible to be a participating party under the provision of this part.
- (6) "Residential rehabilitation" means the construction, reconstruction, renovation, replacement, extension, repair, betterment, equipping, developing, embellishing, or otherwise improving residences consistent with standards of strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, and safety, so that the structures are satisfactory and safe to occupy for residential purposes and are not conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, or crime because of any one or more of the following factors:
 - (a) defective design and character of physical construction;

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183	(b)	faulty interior	· arrangement	and	exterior	spacing:
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- (c) high density of population and overcrowding;
- (d) inadequate provision for ventilation, light, sanitation, open spaces, and recreationfacilities;
- 187 (e) age, obsolescence, deterioration, dilapidation, mixed character, or shifting of uses; 188 and
 - (f) economic dislocation, deterioration, or disuse, resulting from faulty planning.
 - (7) "Residence" means a residential structure in residential rehabilitation areas. It also means a commercial structure which, in the judgment of the agency, is an integral part of a residential neighborhood.
 - (8) "Rehabilitation standards" mean the applicable local or state standards for the rehabilitation of buildings located in residential rehabilitation areas, including any higher standards adopted by the agency as part of its residential rehabilitation financing program.
 - (9) "Revenues" mean all amounts received as repayment of principal, interest, and all other charges received for, and all other income and receipts derived by, the agency from the financing of residential rehabilitation, including moneys deposited in a sinking, redemption, or reserve fund or other fund to secure the bonds or to provide for the payment of the principal of, or interest on, the bonds and such other moneys as the legislative body may, in its discretion, make available therefor.
 - (10) "Residential rehabilitation area" means the geographical area designated by the agency as one for inclusion in a comprehensive residential rehabilitation financing program pursuant to the provisions of this [act] chapter.
 - Section 4. Section 11-27-2 is amended to read:

11-27-2. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Advance refunding bonds" means refunding bonds issued for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds in advance of their maturity.
- (2) "Assessments" means a special tax levied against property within a special improvement district to pay all or a portion of the costs of making improvements in the district.
- (3) "Bond" means any revenue bond, general obligation bond, tax increment bond, special improvement bond, local building authority bond, or refunding bond.

(4) "General obligation bond" means any bond, note, warrant, certificate of indebtedness, or other obligation of a public body payable in whole or in part from revenues derived from ad valorem taxes and that constitutes an indebtedness within the meaning of any applicable constitutional or statutory debt limitation.

- (5) "Governing body" means the council, commission, county legislative body, board of directors, board of trustees, board of education, board of regents, or other legislative body of a public body designated in this chapter that is vested with the legislative powers of the public body, and, with respect to the state, the State Bonding Commission created by Section 63B-1-201.
 - (6) "Government obligations" means:

- (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, or other securities, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America; or
- (b) obligations of any state, territory, or possession of the United States, or of any of the political subdivisions of any state, territory, or possession of the United States, or of the District of Columbia described in Section 103(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
 - (7) "Issuer" means the public body issuing any bond or bonds.
- (8) "Public body" means the state or any agency, authority, instrumentality, or institution of the state, or any municipal or quasi-municipal corporation, political subdivision, agency, school district, local district, special service district, or other governmental entity now or hereafter existing under the laws of the state.
- (9) "Refunding bonds" means bonds issued under the authority of this chapter for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds.
- (10) "Resolution" means a resolution of the governing body of a public body taking formal action under this chapter.
- (11) "Revenue bond" means any bond, note, warrant, certificate of indebtedness, or other obligation for the payment of money issued by a public body or any predecessor of any public body and that is payable from designated revenues not derived from ad valorem taxes or from a special fund composed of revenues not derived from ad valorem taxes, but excluding all of the following:
- (a) any obligation constituting an indebtedness within the meaning of any applicable constitutional or statutory debt limitation;

245	(b) any obligation issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes, where the entire
246	issue matures not later than one year from the date of the issue; and
247	(c) any special improvement bond.
248	(12) "Special improvement bond" means any bond, note, warrant, certificate of
249	indebtedness, or other obligation of a public body or any predecessor of any public body that is
250	payable from assessments levied on benefitted property and from any special improvement
251	guaranty fund.
252	(13) "Special improvement guaranty fund" means any special improvement guaranty
253	fund established under Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities;
254	Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act; or any predecessor or similar statute.
255	(14) "Tax increment bond" means any bond, note, warrant, certificate of indebtedness,
256	or other obligation of a public body issued under authority of Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
257	Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act.
258	Section 5. Section 17C-1-101 is amended to read:
259	TITLE 17C. LIMITED PURPOSE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES -
260	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND RENEWAL AGENCIES ACT
261	17C-1-101. Title.
262	This title is known as the "Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
263	Development and Renewal Agencies Act."
264	Section 6. Section 17C-1-102 is amended to read:
265	17C-1-102. Definitions.
266	As used in this title:
267	(1) "Adjusted tax increment" means:
268	(a) for tax increment under a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, tax increment under
269	Section 17C-1-403, excluding tax increment under Subsection 17C-1-403(3); and
270	(b) for tax increment under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan, tax increment under
271	Section 17C-1-404, excluding tax increment under Section 17C-1-406.
272	(2) "Affordable housing" means housing to be owned or occupied by persons and
273	families of low or moderate income, as determined by resolution of the agency.
274	(3) "Agency" or "community development and renewal agency" means a separate body
275	corporate and politic, created under Section 17C-1-201 or as a redevelopment agency under

276 previous law, that is a political subdivision of the state, that is created to undertake or promote 277 urban renewal, economic development, or community development, or any combination of 278 them, as provided in this title, and whose geographic boundaries are coterminous with: 279 (a) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and 280 (b) for an agency created by a city or town, the boundaries of the city or town. 281 (4) "Annual income" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S. 282 Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 5.609, as amended or as 283 superseded by replacement regulations. 284 (5) "Assessment roll" has the meaning as defined in Section 59-2-102. 285 (6) "Base taxable value" means: 286 (a) for an urban renewal or economic development project area, the taxable value of 287 the property within a project area from which tax increment will be collected, as shown upon 288 the assessment roll last equalized before: 289 (i) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, the effective date of the project area plan; (ii) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan: 290 291 (A) the date of the taxing entity committee's approval of the first project area budget; 292 or 293 (B) if no taxing entity committee approval is required for the project area budget, the 294 later of: 295 (I) the date the project area plan is adopted by the community legislative body; and 296 (II) the date the agency adopts the first project area budget; 297 (iii) for a project on an inactive industrial site, a year after the date on which the 298 inactive industrial site is sold for remediation and development; or (iv) for a project on an inactive airport site, a year after the later of: 299 300 (A) the date on which the inactive airport site is sold for remediation and development; 301 and

- 302 (B) the date on which the airport that had been operated on the inactive airport site ceased operations; and
 - (b) for a community development project area, the agreed value specified in a resolution or interlocal agreement under Subsection 17C-4-201(2).

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(7) "Basic levy" means the portion of a school district's tax levy constituting the

minimum basic levy under Section 59-2-902.

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- 308 (8) "Blight" or "blighted" means the condition of an area that meets the requirements of 309 Subsection 17C-2-303(1).
 - (9) "Blight hearing" means a public hearing under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section 17C-2-302 regarding the existence or nonexistence of blight within the proposed urban renewal project area.
 - (10) "Blight study" means a study to determine the existence or nonexistence of blight within a survey area as provided in Section 17C-2-301.
- 315 (11) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as provided in Section 316 17C-1-203.
 - (12) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area budget required under Subsection 17C-2-201(2)(d) for an urban renewal project area budget or Subsection 17C-3-201(2)(d) for an economic development project area budget.
 - (13) "Combined incremental value" means the combined total of all incremental values from all urban renewal project areas, except project areas that contain some or all of a military installation or inactive industrial site, within the agency's boundaries under adopted project area plans and adopted project area budgets at the time that a project area budget for a new urban renewal project area is being considered.
 - (14) "Community" means a county, city, or town.
 - (15) "Community development" means development activities within a community, including the encouragement, promotion, or provision of development.
 - (16) "Economic development" means to promote the creation or retention of public or private jobs within the state through:
 - (a) planning, design, development, construction, rehabilitation, business relocation, or any combination of these, within a community; and
 - (b) the provision of office, industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, public, or other facilities, or other improvements that benefit the state or a community.
 - (17) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
 - (a) for a city or town, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the city or town that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing

338	units; or
339	(b) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing
340	units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing
341	units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized
342	income targeted housing units.
343	(18) "Family" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S. Department of
344	Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Section 5.403, as amended or as superseded by
345	replacement regulations.
346	(19) "Greenfield" means land not developed beyond agricultural or forestry use.
347	(20) "Hazardous waste" means any substance defined, regulated, or listed as a
348	hazardous substance, hazardous material, hazardous waste, toxic waste, pollutant, contaminant,
349	or toxic substance, or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment, under state
350	or federal law or regulation.
351	(21) "Housing funds" means the funds allocated in an urban renewal project area
352	budget under Section 17C-2-203 for the purposes provided in Subsection 17C-1-412(1).
353	(22) (a) "Inactive airport site" means land that:
354	(i) consists of at least 100 acres;
355	(ii) is occupied by an airport:
356	(A) (I) that is no longer in operation as an airport; or
357	(II) (Aa) that is scheduled to be decommissioned; and
358	(Bb) for which a replacement commercial service airport is under construction; and
359	(B) that is owned or was formerly owned and operated by a public entity; and
360	(iii) requires remediation because:
361	(A) of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste; or
362	(B) the site lacks sufficient public infrastructure and facilities, including public roads,
363	electric service, water system, and sewer system, needed to support development of the site.
364	(b) "Inactive airport site" includes a perimeter of up to 2,500 feet around the land
365	described in Subsection (22)(a).
366	(23) (a) "Inactive industrial site" means land that:
367	(i) consists of at least 1,000 acres;

(ii) is occupied by an inactive or abandoned factory, smelter, or other heavy industrial

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- 370 (iii) requires remediation because of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste.
- 371 (b) "Inactive industrial site" includes a perimeter of up to 1,500 feet around the land described in Subsection (23)(a).
 - (24) "Income targeted housing" means housing to be owned or occupied by a family whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for the county in which the housing is located.
 - (25) "Incremental value" means a figure derived by multiplying the marginal value of the property located within an urban renewal project area on which tax increment is collected by a number that represents the percentage of adjusted tax increment from that project area that is paid to the agency.
- 380 (26) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board, 381 established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
- 382 (27) "Marginal value" means the difference between actual taxable value and base taxable value.
 - (28) "Military installation project area" means a project area or a portion of a project area located within a federal military installation ordered closed by the federal Defense Base Realignment and Closure Commission.
 - (29) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area plan required under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(vi) for an urban renewal project area plan, Subsection 17C-3-102(1)(d) for an economic development project area plan, and Subsection 17C-4-102(1)(d) for a community development project area plan.
 - (30) "Post-June 30, 1993 project area plan" means a project area plan adopted on or after July 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
 - (31) "Pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan" means a project area plan adopted before July 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
 - (32) "Private," with respect to real property, means:
 - (a) not owned by the United States or any agency of the federal government, a public entity, or any other governmental entity; and
 - (b) not dedicated to public use.
- 399 (33) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan or draft

project area plan where the urban renewal, economic development, or community development, as the case may be, set forth in the project area plan or draft project area plan takes place or is proposed to take place.

- (34) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a urban renewal or economic development project area that includes:
 - (a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;

- (b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area;
- (c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities;
- (d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan, including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private and public entities;
- (e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project area plan;
- (f) if the area from which tax increment is to be collected is less than the entire project area:
- (i) the tax identification numbers of the parcels from which tax increment will be collected; or
- (ii) a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment will be collected;
- (g) for property that the agency owns and expects to sell, the expected total cost of the property to the agency and the expected selling price; and
- (h) (i) for an urban renewal project area, the information required under Subsection 17C-2-201(1)(b); and
- (ii) for an economic development project area, the information required under Subsection 17C-3-201(1)(b).
- (35) "Project area plan" means a written plan under Chapter 2, Part 1, Urban Renewal Project Area Plan, Chapter 3, Part 1, Economic Development Project Area Plan, or Chapter 4, Part 1, Community Development Project Area Plan, as the case may be, that, after its effective date, guides and controls the urban renewal, economic development, or community

- development activities within a project area.
- 432 (36) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis on 433 tangible or intangible personal or real property.
 - (37) "Public entity" means:

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- 435 (a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or
 - (b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district, local district, special service district, or interlocal cooperation entity.
 - (38) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm drainage, electrical, and other similar systems and lines, streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, and other facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.
 - (39) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real property as shown on the records of the recorder of the county in which the property is located and includes a purchaser under a real estate contract if the contract is recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property is located or the purchaser gives written notice of the real estate contract to the agency.
 - (40) "Superfund site":
 - (a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and
 - (b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in Subsection (40)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
 - (41) "Survey area" means an area designated by a survey area resolution for study to determine whether one or more urban renewal projects within the area are feasible.
 - (42) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by the agency board under Subsection 17C-2-101(1)(a) designating a survey area.
 - (43) "Taxable value" means the value of property as shown on the last equalized assessment roll as certified by the county assessor.
- 460 (44) (a) "Tax increment" means, except as provided in Subsection (44)(b), the difference between:

(i) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and

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- (ii) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area using the base taxable value of the property.
- (b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 59-2-1602 on or after January 1, 1994 upon the taxable property in the project area unless:
- (i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project area plan was subsequently amended; and
- (ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual obligations of the agency.
- (45) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on <u>a parcel or parcels of</u> property <u>located</u> within a community.
- (46) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of taxing entities, created as provided in Section 17C-1-402.
 - (47) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town.
- (48) (a) "Urban renewal" means the development activities under a project area plan within an urban renewal project area, including:
- (i) planning, design, development, demolition, clearance, construction, rehabilitation, environmental remediation, or any combination of these, of part or all of a project area;
- (ii) the provision of residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or spaces, including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to them;
- (iii) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating, or any combination of these, existing structures in a project area;
- (iv) providing open space, including streets and other public grounds and space around buildings;
- (v) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, and improvements; and
- (vi) providing improvements of public or private recreation areas and other public grounds.
- (b) "Urban renewal" means "redevelopment," as defined under the law in effect before

493	May 1, 2006, if the context requires.
494	Section 7. Section 17C-1-207 is amended to read:
495	17C-1-207. Public entities may assist with urban renewal, economic development,
496	or community development project.
497	(1) In order to assist and cooperate in the planning, undertaking, construction, or
498	operation of urban renewal, economic development, or community development within the
499	area in which it is authorized to act, a public entity may:
500	(a) (i) provide or cause to be furnished:
501	(A) parks, playgrounds, or other recreational facilities;
502	(B) community, educational, water, sewer, or drainage facilities; or
503	(C) any other works which the public entity is otherwise empowered to undertake;
504	(ii) provide, furnish, dedicate, close, vacate, pave, install, grade, regrade, plan, or
505	replan streets, roads, roadways, alleys, sidewalks, or other places;
506	(iii) in any part of the project area:
507	[(iii)] (A) (I) plan or replan[-;];
508	(II) plat or replat;
509	(III) vacate a plat;
510	(IV) amend a plat; or
511	(V) zone or rezone [any part of a project area]; and
512	(B) make any legal exceptions from building regulations and ordinances;
513	(iv) purchase or legally invest in any of the bonds of an agency and exercise all of the
514	rights of any holder of the bonds;
515	(v) enter into an agreement with another public entity concerning action to be taken
516	pursuant to any of the powers granted in this title;
517	(vi) do any and all things necessary to aid or cooperate in the planning or carrying out
518	of the urban renewal, economic development, or community development;
519	(vii) in connection with the project area plan, become obligated to the extent
520	authorized and funds have been made available to make required improvements or construct
521	required structures; and
522	(viii) lend, grant, or contribute funds to an agency for an urban renewal, economic
523	development, or community development project; and

524	(b) 15 days after posting public notice:
525	(i) purchase or otherwise acquire property or lease property from an agency; or
526	(ii) sell, grant, convey, or otherwise dispose of the public entity's property or lease the
527	public entity's property to an agency.
528	(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an agreement under Subsection (1)(a)(v)
529	may extend over any period.
530	(3) A grant or contribution of funds from a public entity to an agency, or from an
531	agency under a project area plan or project area budget, is not subject to the requirements of
532	Section 10-8-2.
533	Section 8. Section 17C-1-303 is amended to read:
534	17C-1-303. Summary of sale or other disposition of agency property
535	Publication of summary.
536	(1) Upon the agency's sale, conveyance, grant, or other disposition of real property, the
537	agency shall prepare a summary of the material provisions of the disposition.
538	(2) Each summary under Subsection (1) shall be a matter of public record.
539	(3) The agency shall, no later than one month after the <u>day that the</u> disposition is
540	concluded:
541	(a) post each summary under Subsection (1) on the Utah Public Notice Website
542	described in Section 63F-1-701; and
543	[(a)] (b) (i) publish each summary under Subsection (1) at least once in a newspaper of
544	general circulation in the agency's boundaries; or
545	[(b)] (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, post the summary in three
546	conspicuous places within the agency's boundaries.
547	Section 9. Section 17C-1-401 is amended to read:
548	17C-1-401. Agency receipt and use of tax increment and sales tax Distribution
549	of tax increment and sales tax.
550	(1) An agency may receive and use tax increment and sales tax, as provided in this
551	part.
552	(2) (a) The applicable length of time or number of years for which an agency is to be
553	paid tax increment or sales tax under this part shall be measured:
554	(i) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, from the first tax year regarding which the

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- (ii) for a post-June 30, 1993 urban renewal or economic development project area plan, from the first tax year for which the agency receives tax increment under the project area budget; or
- (iii) for a community development project area plan, as indicated in the resolution or interlocal agreement of a taxing entity that establishes the agency's right to receive tax increment or sales tax.
- (b) [Tax] <u>Unless otherwise provided in a project area budget that is approved by a taxing entity committee, or in an interlocal agreement or resolution adopted by a taxing entity, tax increment may not be paid to an agency for a tax year prior to the tax year following:</u>
- (i) for an urban renewal or economic development project area plan, the effective date of the project area plan; and
- (ii) for a community development project area plan, the effective date of the interlocal agreement that establishes the agency's right to receive tax increment.
 - (3) With respect to a community development project area plan:
- (a) a taxing entity or public entity may, by resolution or through interlocal agreement, authorize an agency to be paid any or all of that taxing entity or public entity's tax increment or sales tax for any period of time; and
- (b) the resolution or interlocal agreement authorizing the agency to be paid tax increment or sales tax shall specify:
 - (i) the base taxable value of the project area; and
- (ii) the method of calculating the amount of tax increment or sales tax to be paid to the agency.
- (4) With the written consent of a taxing entity, an agency may be paid tax increment, from that taxing entity's tax revenues only, in a higher percentage or for a longer period of time, or both, than otherwise authorized under this title.
- (5) Each county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay and distribute to the agency the tax increment that the agency is entitled to collect under this title, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
 - Section 10. Section **17C-1-409** is amended to read:
- 585 17C-1-409. Allowable uses of tax increment and sales tax.

586 (1) (a) An agency may use tax increment and sales tax proceeds received from a taxing entity:

- (i) for any of the purposes for which the use of tax increment is authorized under this title;
- (ii) for administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the agency, including consultant fees and expenses under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(b)(ii)(B); or
 - (iii) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of:

- (A) urban renewal activities in the project area from which the tax increment funds are collected, including environmental remediation activities occurring before or after adoption of the project area plan;
- (B) economic development or community development activities, including environmental remediation activities occurring before or after adoption of the project area plan, in the project area from which the tax increment funds are collected;
- (C) housing expenditures, projects, or programs as provided in Section 17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412;
- (D) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (6), the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or other improvement within the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected; and
- (E) subject to Subsection (1)(d), the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and improvements outside the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected if the agency board and the community legislative body determine by resolution that the publicly owned infrastructure and improvements are of benefit to the project area.
- (b) The determination of the agency board and the community legislative body under Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) regarding benefit to the project area shall be final and conclusive.
- (c) An agency may not use tax increment or sales tax proceeds received from a taxing entity for the purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(D) under an urban renewal or economic development project area plan without the consent of the community legislative body.
- (d) An agency may not use tax increment or sales tax proceeds received from a taxing entity for the purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) under an urban renewal or economic development project area plan without the consent of the community legislative body and the

taxing entity committee.

(e) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(e)(ii), an agency may loan tax increment or sales tax proceeds, or a combination of tax increment and sales tax proceeds, from a project area fund to another project area fund if:

- (A) the agency's board approves; and
- (B) the legislative body of each community that created the agency approves.
- (ii) An agency may not loan tax increment or sales tax proceeds, or a combination of tax increment and sales tax proceeds, under Subsection (1)(e)(i) unless the projections for the future tax increment or sales tax proceeds of the borrowing project area are sufficient to repay the loan amount prior to the date when the tax increment or sales tax proceeds are intended for use under the loaning project area's plan.
- (iii) If a borrowing project area's funds are not sufficient to repay a loan made under Subsection (1)(e)(i) prior to the date when the tax increment or sales tax proceeds are intended for use under the loaning project area's plan, the community that created the agency shall repay the loan to the loaning project area's fund before the date when the tax increment or sales tax proceeds are intended for use under the loaning project area's plan.
- (2) Sales tax proceeds that an agency receives from another public entity are not subject to the prohibition or limitations of Title 11, Chapter 41, Prohibition on Sales and Use Tax Incentive Payments Act.
- (3) An agency may use sales tax proceeds it receives under a resolution or interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 for the uses authorized in the resolution or interlocal agreement.
- (4) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another public entity to use tax increment to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this title to be paid by the agency that have been or will be paid by the community or other public entity.
- (b) If land has been or will be acquired or the cost of an improvement has been or will be paid by another public entity and the land or improvement has been or will be leased to the community, an agency may contract with and make reimbursement from tax increment funds to the community.
- (5) An agency created by a city of the first or second class may use tax increment from one project area in another project area to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the

cost of the installation and construction of a publicly or privately owned convention center or sports complex or any building, facility, structure, or other improvement related to the convention center or sports complex, including parking and infrastructure improvements, if: (a) construction of the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility, structure, or other improvement is commenced on or before June 30, 2002; and (b) the tax increment is pledged to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility, structure, or other improvement. (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use tax increment to construct municipal buildings, courts or other judicial buildings, or fire stations. (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use tax increment under an urban renewal or economic development project area plan, to pay any of the cost of the land, infrastructure, or construction of a stadium or arena constructed after March 1, 2005, unless the tax increment has been pledged for that purpose before February 15, 2005. (8) (a) An agency may not use tax increment to pay the debt service of or any other

- amount related to a bond issued or other obligation incurred if the bond was issued or the obligation was incurred:
- 666 (i) by an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation 667 Act;
 - (ii) on or after March 30, 2009; and

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- (iii) to finance a telecommunication facility.
- 670 (b) Subsection (8)(a) may not be construed to prohibit the refinancing, restatement, or 671 refunding of a bond issued before March 30, 2009.
 - Section 11. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read:
 - 17C-1-412. Use of funds allocated for housing -- Separate accounting required --Issuance of bonds for housing -- Action to compel agency to provide housing funds.
 - (1) (a) Each agency shall use all funds allocated for housing under [this section] Section 17C-2-203 or 17C-3-202 to:
- 677 (i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within 678 the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;

(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the boundary of the agency;

- (iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority, private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing within the boundary of the agency;
- (iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the agency;
- (v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure improvements, related to housing located in a project area where blight has been found to exist;
- (vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the urban renewal, economic development, or community development;
 - (vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
- (A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
- (B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
- (viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
- (A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
- (B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi); or
- (ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by an urban renewal, economic development, or community development project.
- (b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or any portion of housing funds to:
 - (i) the community for use as provided under Subsection (1)(a);
- (ii) the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community for use in providing income targeted housing within the community; or
 - (iii) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7,

710	Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within the
711	community.
712	(2) The agency or community shall separately account for the housing funds, together
713	with all interest earned by the housing funds and all payments or repayments for loans,
714	advances, or grants from the housing funds.
715	(3) An agency may:
716	(a) issue bonds from time to time to finance a housing undertaking under this section,
717	including the payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or
718	preliminary loans; and
719	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection
720	(3)(a) previously issued by the agency.
721	(4) For a project area budget adopted on or after May 11, 2010, that is required under
722	Section 17C-2-203 to allocate 20% of tax increment for housing, the agency shall annually
723	allocate to housing 20% of the tax increment it receives each year under the project area
724	<u>budget.</u>
725	(5) An agency:
726	(a) shall allocate housing funds each year in which the agency receives sufficient tax
727	increment to make a housing allocation required by the project area budget; and
728	(b) is relieved, to the extent tax increment is insufficient in a year, of an obligation to
729	allocate housing funds for the year tax increment is insufficient.
730	[(4) (a) If] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), if an agency fails to provide
731	housing funds in accordance with the project area budget and, if applicable, the housing plan
732	adopted under Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan fund board may bring legal action to compel
733	the agency to provide the housing funds.
734	(b) In an action under Subsection [(4)] (6)(a), the court:
735	(i) shall award the loan fund board [a] reasonable attorney [fee] fees, unless the court
736	finds that the action was frivolous; and
737	(ii) may not award the agency its attorney fees, unless the court finds that the action
738	was frivolous.

17C-2-108. Notice of urban renewal project area plan adoption -- Effective date

Section 12. Section **17C-2-108** is amended to read:

of plan -- Contesting the formation of the plan.

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(1) (a) [(i)] Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an urban renewal project area plan, or an amendment to a project area plan under Section 17C-2-110, the legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by [publishing or causing to be published a notice]:

- (i) (A) <u>publishing or causing to be published a notice</u> in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
- (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries, causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries; and
 - (ii) <u>publishing or causing to be published a notice</u> as required in Section 45-1-101.
 - (b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
- (i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan or a summary of the ordinance; and
- (ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public inspection and the hours for inspection.
 - (2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date of:
 - (a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
 - (b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
- (3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under Subsection (2), any person in interest may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory requirements.
- (b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, no person may contest the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
- (4) Upon adoption of the project area plan by the community's legislative body, the agency may carry out the project area plan.
- (5) Each agency shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general public at its offices during normal business hours.
 - Section 13. Section 17C-2-110 is amended to read:
- 17C-2-110. Amending an urban renewal project area plan.
 - (1) An adopted urban renewal project area plan may be amended as provided in this

772 section.

(2) If an agency proposes to amend an adopted urban renewal project area plan to enlarge the project area:

- (a) subject to Subsection (2)(e), the requirements under this part that apply to adopting a project area plan apply equally to the proposed amendment as if it were a proposed project area plan;
- (b) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, the base year taxable value for the new area added to the project area shall be determined under Subsection 17C-1-102(6)(a)(i) using the effective date of the amended project area plan;
 - (c) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan:
- (i) the base year taxable value for the new area added to the project area shall be determined under Subsection 17C-1-102(6)(a)(ii) using the date of the taxing entity committee's consent referred to in Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
- (ii) the agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee before the agency may collect tax increment from the area added to the project area by the amendment;
- (d) the agency shall make a finding regarding the existence of blight in the area proposed to be added to the project area by following the procedure set forth in Subsections 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i) and (ii); and
- (e) the agency need not make a finding regarding the existence of blight in the project area as described in the original project area plan, if the agency made a finding of the existence of blight regarding that project area in connection with adoption of the original project area plan.
- (3) If a proposed amendment does not propose to enlarge an urban renewal project area, an agency board may adopt a resolution approving an amendment to an adopted project area plan after:
- (a) the agency gives notice, as provided in Section 17C-2-502, of the proposed amendment and of the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(b);
- (b) the agency board holds a public hearing on the proposed amendment that meets the requirements of a plan hearing;
- (c) the agency obtains the taxing entity committee's consent to the amendment, if the amendment proposes:

(i) to enlarge the area within the project area from which tax increment is collected;

- (ii) to permit the agency to receive a greater percentage of tax increment or to receive tax increment for a longer period of time, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area plan; or
- (iii) for an amendment to a project area plan that was adopted before April 1, 1983, to expand the area from which tax increment is collected to exceed 100 acres of private property; and
- (d) the agency obtains the consent of the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity affected, if the amendment proposes to permit the agency to receive, from less than all taxing entities, a greater percentage of tax increment or to receive tax increment for a longer period of time, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area plan.
- (4) (a) An adopted urban renewal project area plan may be amended without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements of Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a) and (b) and without obtaining taxing entity committee approval under Subsection (3)(c) if the amendment:
- (i) makes a minor adjustment in the legal description of a project area boundary requested by a county assessor or county auditor to avoid inconsistent property boundary lines; or
- (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(b), removes a parcel of real property from a project area because the agency determines that:
 - (A) the parcel is no longer blighted; or

- (B) inclusion of the parcel is no longer necessary or desirable to the project area.
- (b) An amendment removing a parcel of real property from a project area under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) may not be made without the consent of the record property owner of the parcel being removed.
- (5) (a) An amendment approved by board resolution under this section may not take effect until adopted by ordinance of the legislative body of the community in which the project area that is the subject of the project area plan being amended is located.
- (b) Upon a community legislative body passing an ordinance adopting an amendment to a project area plan, the agency whose project area plan was amended shall comply with the requirements of [Sections 17C-2-108 and 17C-2-109 to the same extent as if the

834	amendment were a project area plan.
835	Section 14. Section 17C-2-201 is amended to read:
836	17C-2-201. Project area budget Requirements for adopting Contesting the
837	budget or procedure Time limit.
838	(1) (a) If an agency anticipates funding all or a portion of a post-June 30, 1993 urban
839	renewal project area plan with tax increment, the agency shall, subject to Section 17C-2-202,
840	adopt a project area budget as provided in this part.
841	(b) An urban renewal project area budget adopted on or after March 30, 2009 shall
842	specify:
843	(i) the number of tax years for which the agency will be allowed to receive tax
844	increment from the project area; and
845	(ii) the percentage of tax increment or maximum cumulative dollar amount of tax
846	increment the agency is entitled to receive from the project area under the project area budget.
847	(2) To adopt an urban renewal project area budget, the agency shall:
848	(a) prepare a draft of a project area budget;
849	(b) make a copy of the draft project area budget available to the public at the agency's
850	offices during normal business hours;
851	(c) provide notice of the budget hearing as required by Part 5, Urban Renewal Notice
852	Requirements;
853	(d) hold a public hearing on the draft project area budget and, at that public hearing,
854	allow public comment on:
855	(i) the draft project area budget; and
856	(ii) whether the draft project area budget should be revised, adopted, or rejected;
857	(e) (i) if required under Subsection 17C-2-204(1), obtain the approval of the taxing
858	entity committee on the draft project area budget or a revised version of the draft project area
859	budget; or
860	(ii) if applicable, comply with the requirements of Subsection 17C-2-204(2); [and]
861	(f) if approval of the taxing entity committee is required under Subsection (2)(e)(i),
862	obtain a written certification, signed by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, stating
863	that the taxing entity committee followed the appropriate procedures to approve the project
864	area budget; and

865	[(f)] (g) after the budget hearing, hold a board meeting in the same meeting as the
866	public hearing or in a subsequent meeting to:
867	(i) consider comments made and information presented at the public hearing relating to
868	the draft project area budget; and
869	(ii) adopt by resolution the draft project area budget, with any revisions, as the project
870	area budget.
871	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the agency's adoption of the project area budget
872	under Subsection (2)[(f)](g), any person in interest may contest the project area budget or the
873	procedure used to adopt the project area budget if the budget or procedure fails to comply with
874	applicable statutory requirements.
875	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, [no] a person, for any
876	cause, may not contest:
877	(i) the project area budget or procedure used [to] by either the taxing entity committee
878	or the agency to approve and adopt the project area budget [for any cause.];
879	(ii) a payment to the agency under the project area budget; or
880	(iii) the agency's use of tax increment under the project area budget.
881	Section 15. Section 17C-2-206 is amended to read:
882	17C-2-206. Amending an urban renewal project area budget.
883	(1) An agency may by resolution amend an urban renewal project area budget as
884	provided in this section.
885	(2) To amend an adopted urban renewal project area budget, the agency shall:
886	(a) advertise and hold one public hearing on the proposed amendment as provided in
887	Subsection (3);
888	(b) obtain the approval of the taxing entity committee if the agency was required under
889	Section 17C-2-204 to obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for the project area
890	budget as originally adopted; [and]
891	(c) if approval of the taxing entity committee is required under Subsection (2)(b).
892	obtain a written certification, signed by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, stating
893	that the taxing entity committee followed the appropriate procedures to approve the project
894	area budget; and
895	[(c)] (d) adopt a resolution amending the project area budget.

896	(3) The public hearing required under Subsection (2)(a) shall be conducted according
897	to the procedures and requirements of Subsections 17C-2-201(2)(c) and (d), except that if the
898	amended project area budget proposes that the agency be paid a greater proportion of tax
899	increment from a project area than was to be paid under the previous project area budget, the
900	notice shall state the percentage paid under the previous project area budget and the percentage
901	proposed under the amended project area budget.
902	(4) If a proposed amendment is not adopted, the agency shall continue to operate under
903	the previously adopted project area budget without the proposed amendment.
904	(5) (a) A person may contest the agency's adoption of a budget amendment within 30
905	days after the day on which the agency adopts the amendment.
906	(b) A person who fails to contest a budget amendment under Subsection (5)(a):
907	(i) forfeits any claim against an agency's adoption of the amendment; and
908	(ii) may not contest:
909	(A) a payment to the agency under the budget amendment; or
910	(B) an agency's use of a tax increment under the budget amendment.
911	Section 16. Section 17C-2-502 is amended to read:
912	17C-2-502. Requirements for notice provided by agency.
913	(1) The notice required by Section 17C-2-501 shall be given by:
914	(a) (i) publishing one notice, excluding the map referred to in Subsection (3)(b), in a
915	newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the project area or proposed
916	project area is located, at least 14 days before the hearing; [or]
917	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, posting notice at least 14 days
918	before the day of the hearing in at least three conspicuous places within the county in which the
919	project area or proposed project area is located; [and] or
920	(iii) posting notice on, excluding the map described in Subsection (3)(b), at least 14
921	days before the day on which the hearing is held on:
922	(A) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701; and
923	(B) the public website of a community located within the boundaries of the project
924	area; and
925	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing:
926	(i) mailing notice to each record owner of property located within the project area or

927	proposed project area; and
928	(ii) mailing notice to:
929	(A) the State Tax Commission;
930	(B) the assessor and auditor of the county in which the project area or proposed project
931	area is located; and
932	(C) (I) each member of the taxing entity committee; or
933	(II) if a taxing entity committee has not yet been formed, the State Board of Education
934	and the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity.
935	(2) The mailing of the notice to record property owners required under Subsection
936	(1)(b)(i) shall be conclusively considered to have been properly completed if:
937	(a) the agency mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records,
938	including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in
939	those records; and
940	(b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to
941	whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county
942	recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.
943	(3) The agency shall include in each notice required under Section 17C-2-501:
944	(a) (i) a specific description of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project
945	area; or
946	(ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy
947	of the description be sent at no cost to the person by mail or facsimile transmission; and
948	(B) if the agency has an Internet website, an Internet address where a person may gain
949	access to an electronic, printable copy of the description;
950	(b) a map of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project area;
951	(c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing; and
952	(d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
953	(4) The agency shall include in each notice under Subsection (1)(b)(ii):
954	(a) a statement that property tax revenues resulting from an increase in valuation of
955	property within the project area or proposed project area will be paid to the agency for urban
956	renewal purposes rather than to the taxing entity to which the tax revenues would otherwise
957	have been paid if:

958	(i) [a majority of] the taxing entity committee consents to the project area budget; and
959	(ii) the project area plan provides for the agency to receive tax increment; and
960	(b) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the agency comments
961	concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing.
962	(5) An agency may include in a notice under Subsection (1) any other information the
963	agency considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose served by the project and
964	any future tax benefits expected to result from the project.
965	Section 17. Section 17C-3-107 is amended to read:
966	17C-3-107. Notice of economic development project area plan adoption
967	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
968	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an economic development
969	project area plan, or an amendment to the project area plan under Section 17C-3-109, the
970	legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by:
971	(i) (A) publishing or causing to be published a notice:
972	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
973	(II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries,
974	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries; and
975	[(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.]
976	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701.
977	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
978	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
979	or a summary of the ordinance; and
980	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
981	inspection and the hours for inspection.
982	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date of:
983	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
984	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
985	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
986	Subsection (2), any person in interest may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to
987	adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
988	requirements.

(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, no person may contest the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.

- (4) Upon adoption of the economic development project area plan by the community's legislative body, the agency may carry out the project area plan.
- (5) Each agency shall make the adopted economic development project area plan available to the general public at its offices during normal business hours.

Section 18. Section 17C-3-109 is amended to read:

17C-3-109. Amending an economic development project area plan.

- (1) An adopted economic development project area plan may be amended as provided in this section.
- (2) If an agency proposes to amend an adopted economic development project area plan to enlarge the project area:
- (a) the requirements under this part that apply to adopting a project area plan apply equally to the proposed amendment as if it were a proposed project area plan;
- (b) the base year taxable value for the new area added to the project area shall be determined under Subsection 17C-1-102(6)(a)(ii) using the date of the taxing entity committee's consent referred to in Subsection (2)(c); and
- (c) the agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee before the agency may collect tax increment from the area added to the project area by the amendment.
- (3) If a proposed amendment does not propose to enlarge an economic development project area, an agency board may adopt a resolution approving an amendment to an adopted project area plan after:
- (a) the agency gives notice, as provided in Section 17C-3-402, of the proposed amendment and of the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(b);
- (b) the agency board holds a public hearing on the proposed amendment that meets the requirements of a plan hearing;
- (c) the agency obtains the taxing entity committee's consent to the amendment, if the amendment proposes:
 - (i) to enlarge the area within the project area from which tax increment is collected; or
- 1018 (ii) to permit the agency to receive a greater percentage of tax increment or to receive 1019 tax increment for a longer period of time than allowed under the adopted project area plan; and

(d) the agency obtains the consent of the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity affected, if the amendment proposes to permit the agency to receive, from less than all taxing entities, a greater percentage of tax increment or to receive tax increment for a longer period of time, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area plan.

- (4) (a) An adopted project area plan may be amended without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements of Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a) and (b) and without obtaining taxing entity committee approval under Subsection (3)(c) if the amendment:
- (i) makes a minor adjustment in the legal description of a project area boundary requested by a county assessor or county auditor to avoid inconsistent property boundary lines; or
- (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(b), removes a parcel of real property from a project area because the agency determines that inclusion of the parcel is no longer necessary or desirable to the project area.
- (b) An amendment removing a parcel of real property from a project area under Subsection (4)(a) may not be made without the consent of the record property owner of the parcel being removed.
- (5) (a) An amendment approved by board resolution under this section may not take effect until adopted by ordinance of the legislative body of the community in which the project area that is the subject of the project area plan being amended is located.
- (b) Upon a community legislative body passing an ordinance adopting an amendment to a project area plan, the agency whose project area plan was amended shall comply with the requirements of [Section] Sections 17C-3-107 and 17C-3-108 to the same extent as if the amendment were a project area plan.
 - Section 19. Section 17C-3-201 is amended to read:
- 17C-3-201. Economic development project area budget -- Requirements for adopting -- Contesting the budget or procedure -- Time limit.
- (1) (a) If an agency anticipates funding all or a portion of a post-June 30, 1993 economic development project area plan with tax increment, the agency shall, subject to Section 17C-3-202, adopt a project area budget as provided in this part.
- 1049 (b) An economic development project area budget adopted on or after March 30, 2009 shall specify:

1051 (i) the number of tax years for which the agency will be allowed to receive tax 1052 increment from the project area; and (ii) the percentage of tax increment or maximum cumulative dollar amount of tax 1053 1054 increment the agency is entitled to receive from the project area under the project area budget. 1055 (2) To adopt an economic development project area budget, the agency shall: (a) prepare a draft of an economic development project area budget: 1056 1057 (b) make a copy of the draft project area budget available to the public at the agency's 1058 offices during normal business hours: 1059 (c) provide notice of the budget hearing as required by Part 4, Economic Development 1060 Notice Requirements; 1061 (d) hold a public hearing on the draft project area budget and, at that public hearing, 1062 allow public comment on: (i) the draft project area budget; and 1063 1064 (ii) whether the draft project area budget should be revised, adopted, or rejected; 1065 (e) (i) if required under Subsection 17C-3-203(1), obtain the approval of the taxing 1066 entity committee on the draft project area budget or a revised version of the draft project area budget; or 1067 (ii) if applicable, comply with the requirements of Subsection 17C-3-203(2); [and] 1068 1069 (f) if approval of the taxing entity committee is required under Subsection (2)(e)(i), 1070 obtain a written certification, signed by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, stating 1071 that the taxing entity committee followed the appropriate procedures to approve the project 1072 area budget; and 1073 [(f)] (g) after the budget hearing, hold a board meeting in the same meeting as the 1074 public hearing or in a subsequent meeting to: 1075 (i) consider comments made and information presented at the public hearing relating to 1076 the draft project area budget; and 1077 (ii) adopt by resolution the draft project area budget, with any revisions, as the project 1078 area budget. 1079 (3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the agency's adoption of the project area budget 1080 under Subsection (2)[(f)](g), any person in interest may contest the project area budget or the

procedure used to adopt the project area budget if the budget or procedure fails to comply with

1082 applicable statutory requirements. 1083 (b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, [no] a person, for any 1084 cause, may not contest: 1085 (i) the project area budget or procedure used [to] by either the taxing entity committee 1086 or the agency to approve and adopt the project area budget [for any cause.]; 1087 (ii) a payment to the agency under the project area budget; or 1088 (iii) the agency's use of tax increment under the project area budget. 1089 Section 20. Section 17C-3-205 is amended to read: 1090 17C-3-205. Amending an economic development project area budget. 1091 (1) An agency may by resolution amend an economic development project area budget 1092 as provided in this section. 1093 (2) To amend an adopted economic development project area budget, the agency shall: (a) advertise and hold one public hearing on the proposed amendment as provided in 1094 1095 Subsection (3); 1096 (b) obtain the approval of the taxing entity committee if the agency was required under 1097 Section 17C-3-203 to obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for the project area 1098 budget as originally adopted; [and] 1099 (c) if approval of the taxing entity committee is required under Subsection (2)(b), 1100 obtain a written certification, signed by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, stating that the taxing entity committee followed the appropriate procedures to approve the project 1101 1102 area budget: and 1103 [(c)] (d) adopt a resolution amending the project area budget. 1104 (3) The public hearing required under Subsection (2)(a) shall be conducted according 1105 to the procedures and requirements of Section 17C-3-201, except that if the amended project 1106 area budget proposes that the agency be paid a greater proportion of tax increment from a 1107 project area than was to be paid under the previous project area budget, the notice shall state 1108 the percentage paid under the previous project area budget and the percentage proposed under

(4) If a proposed amendment is not adopted, the agency shall continue to operate under the previously adopted economic development project area budget without the proposed amendment.

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the amended project area budget.

1113	(5) (a) A person may contest the agency's adoption of a budget amendment within 30
1114	days after the day on which the agency adopts the amendment.
1115	(b) A person who fails to contest a budget amendment under Subsection (5)(a):
1116	(i) forfeits any claim against an agency's adoption of the amendment; and
1117	(ii) may not contest:
1118	(A) a payment to the agency under the budget amendment; or
1119	(B) an agency's use of a tax increment under a budget amendment.
1120	Section 21. Section 17C-3-402 is amended to read:
1121	17C-3-402. Requirements for notice provided by agency.
1122	(1) The notice required by Section 17C-3-401 shall be given by:
1123	(a) (i) publishing one notice, excluding the map [referred to] described in Subsection
1124	(3)(b), in a newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the project area or
1125	proposed project area is located, at least 14 days before the hearing; [or]
1126	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, posting notice in at least three
1127	conspicuous places within the county in which the project area or proposed project area is
1128	located; [and] or
1129	(iii) posting notice, excluding the map described in Subsection (3)(b), at least 14 days
1130	before the day on which the hearing is held on:
1131	(A) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701; and
1132	(B) the public website of a community located within the boundaries of the project
1133	area; and
1134	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing, mailing notice to:
1135	(i) each record owner of property located within the project area or proposed project
1136	area;
1137	(ii) the State Tax Commission;
1138	(iii) the assessor and auditor of the county in which the project area or proposed project
1139	area is located; and
1140	(iv) (A) each member of the taxing entity committee; or
1141	(B) if a taxing entity committee has not yet been formed, the State Board of Education
1142	and the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity.
1143	(2) The mailing of notice to record property owners required under Subsection (1)(b)(i)

1144	shall be conclusively considered	d to have been p	roperly completed if:
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- (a) the agency mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records, including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in those records; and
- (b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.
 - (3) The agency shall include in each notice required under Section 17C-3-401:
- (a) (i) a specific description of the boundaries of the economic development project area or proposed project area; or
- (ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy of the description be sent at no cost to the person by mail or facsimile transmission; and
- (B) if the agency has an Internet website, an Internet address where a person may gain access to an electronic, printable copy of the description;
 - (b) a map of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project area;
 - (c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing; and
 - (d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
 - (4) The agency shall include in each notice under Subsections (1)(b)(ii), (iii), and (iv):
- (a) a statement that property tax revenues resulting from an increase in valuation of property within the economic development project area or proposed project area will be paid to the agency for economic development purposes rather than to the taxing entity to which the tax revenues would otherwise have been paid if:
 - (i) [a majority of] the taxing entity committee consents to the project area budget; and
 - (ii) the project area plan provides for the agency to receive tax increment; and
- (b) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the agency comments concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing.
- (5) An agency may include in a notice under Subsection (1) any other information the agency considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose served by the project and any future tax benefits expected to result from the project.
- Section 22. Section **17C-4-201** is amended to read:
- 174 17C-4-201. Consent of a taxing entity or public entity to an agency receiving tax

increment or	sales tax	funds f	or community	develo	pment r	roiect.

- (1) An agency may negotiate with a taxing entity and public entity for the taxing entity's or public entity's consent to the agency receiving the entity's or public entity's tax increment or sales tax revenues, or both, for the purpose of providing funds to carry out a proposed or adopted community development project area plan.
- (2) The consent of a taxing entity or public entity under Subsection (1) may be expressed in:
 - (a) a resolution adopted by the taxing entity or public entity; or
- (b) an interlocal agreement, under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, between the taxing entity or public entity and the agency.
 - (3) Before an agency may use tax increment or sales tax revenues collected under a resolution or interlocal agreement adopted for the purpose of providing funds to carry out a proposed or adopted community development project area plan, the agency shall:
 - (a) obtain a written certification, signed by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, stating that the agency and the taxing entity have each followed all legal requirements relating to the adoption of the resolution or interlocal agreement, respectively; and
 - (b) provide a signed copy of the certification described in Subsection (3)(a) to the appropriate taxing entity.
 - [(3)] (4) A resolution adopted or interlocal agreement entered under Subsection (2) on or after March 30, 2009 shall specify:
 - (a) if the resolution or interlocal agreement provides for the agency to be paid tax increment:
 - (i) the method of calculating the amount of the taxing entity's tax increment from the project area that will be paid to the agency, including the agreed base year and agreed base taxable value;
 - (ii) the number of tax years that the agency will be paid the taxing entity's tax increment from the project area; and
 - (iii) the percentage of the taxing entity's tax increment or maximum cumulative dollar amount of the taxing entity's tax increment that the agency will be paid; and
- 1204 (b) if the resolution or interlocal agreement provides for the agency to be paid a public 1205 entity's sales tax revenue:

1206	(i) the method of calculating the amount of the public entity's sales tax revenue that the
1207	agency will be paid;
1208	(ii) the number of tax years that the agency will be paid the sales tax revenue; and
1209	(iii) the percentage of sales tax revenue or the maximum cumulative dollar amount of
1210	sales tax revenue that the agency will be paid.
1211	[(4)] (5) (a) Unless the taxing entity otherwise agrees, an agency may not be paid a
1212	taxing entity's tax increment:
1213	(i) that exceeds the percentage or maximum cumulative dollar amount of tax increment
1214	specified in the resolution or interlocal agreement under Subsection (2); or
1215	(ii) for more tax years than specified in the resolution or interlocal agreement under
1216	Subsection (2).
1217	(b) Unless the public entity otherwise agrees, an agency may not be paid a public
1218	entity's sales tax revenue:
1219	(i) that exceeds the percentage or maximum cumulative dollar amount of sales tax
1220	revenue specified in the resolution or interlocal agreement under Subsection (2); or
1221	(ii) for more tax years than specified in the resolution or interlocal agreement under
1222	Subsection (2).
1223	[(5)] (6) A school district may consent to an agency receiving tax increment from the
1224	school district's basic levy only to the extent that the school district also consents to the agency
1225	receiving tax increment from the school district's local levy.
1226	[(6)] (7) (a) A resolution or interlocal agreement under this section may be amended
1227	from time to time.
1228	(b) Each amendment of a resolution or interlocal agreement shall be subject to and
1229	receive the benefits of the provisions of this part to the same extent as if the amendment were
1230	an original resolution or interlocal agreement.
1231	[(7)] (8) A taxing entity's or public entity's consent to an agency receiving funds under
1232	this section is not subject to the requirements of Section 10-8-2.
1233	(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9), "successor taxing entity" means any taxing
1234	entity that:
1235	(i) is created after the date of adoption of a resolution or execution of an interlocal

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agreement under this section; and

1237	(ii) levies a tax on any parcel of property located within the project area that is the
1238	subject of the resolution or the interlocal agreement described in Subsection (9)(a)(i).
1239	(b) A resolution or interlocal agreement executed by a taxing entity under this section
1240	may be enforced by or against any successor taxing entity.
1241	Section 23. Section 17C-4-202 is amended to read:
1242	17C-4-202. Resolution or interlocal agreement to provide funds for the
1243	community development project area plan Notice Effective date of resolution or
1244	interlocal agreement Time to contest resolution or interlocal agreement Availability
1245	of resolution or interlocal agreement.
1246	(1) The approval and adoption of each resolution or interlocal agreement under
1247	Subsection 17C-4-201(2) shall be in an open and public meeting.
1248	(2) (a) Upon the adoption of a resolution or interlocal agreement under Section
1249	17C-4-201, the agency shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (2)(b) by:
1250	(i) (A) publishing or causing to be published a notice in a newspaper of general
1251	circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
1252	(B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries,
1253	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries; and
1254	(ii) publishing or causing to be published in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
1255	(b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
1256	(i) set forth a summary of the resolution or interlocal agreement; and
1257	(ii) include a statement that the resolution or interlocal agreement is available for
1258	general public inspection and the hours of inspection.
1259	(3) The resolution or interlocal agreement shall become effective on the date of:
1260	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) or (ii), publication of the
1261	notice; or
1262	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B), posting of the notice.
1263	(4) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the resolution or interlocal
1264	agreement under Subsection (3), any person in interest may contest the resolution or interlocal
1265	agreement or the procedure used to adopt the resolution or interlocal agreement if the
1266	resolution or interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
1267	requirements.

1268	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (4)(a) expires, [no] a person may not, for
1269	any cause, contest:
1270	(i) the resolution or interlocal agreement [for any cause.];
1271	(ii) a payment to the agency under the resolution or interlocal agreement; or
1272	(iii) the agency's use of tax increment under the resolution or interlocal agreement.
1273	(5) Each agency that is to receive funds under a resolution or interlocal agreement
1274	under Section 17C-4-201 and each taxing entity or public entity that approves a resolution or
1275	enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 shall make the resolution or
1276	interlocal agreement, as the case may be, available at its offices to the general public for
1277	inspection and copying during normal business hours.
1278	Section 24. Section 17C-4-402 is amended to read:
1279	17C-4-402. Requirements for notice provided by agency.
1280	(1) The notice required by Section 17C-4-401 shall be given by:
1281	(a) (i) publishing one notice, excluding the map referred to in Subsection (2)(b), in a
1282	newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the project area or proposed
1283	project area is located, at least 14 days before the hearing; [or]
1284	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, posting notice, at least 14 days
1285	before the hearing, in at least three conspicuous places within the county in which the project
1286	area or proposed project area is located; [and] or
1287	(iii) posting notice, excluding the map described in Subsection (3)(b), at least 14 days
1288	before the day on which the hearing is held on:
1289	(A) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701; and
1290	(B) the public website of a community located within the boundaries of a project area;
1291	<u>and</u>
1292	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing, mailing notice to:
1293	(i) each record owner of property located within the project area or proposed project
1294	area;
1295	(ii) the State Tax Commission;
1296	(iii) the assessor and auditor of the county in which the project area or proposed project
1297	area is located; and
1298	(iv) the State Board of Education and the legislative body or governing board of each

1299	taxing entity.
1300	(2) The mailing of the notice to record property owners required under Subsection
1301	(1)(b)(i) shall be conclusively considered to have been properly completed if:
1302	(a) the agency mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records,
1303	including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in
1304	those records; and
1305	(b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to
1306	whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county
1307	recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.
1308	(3) The agency shall include in each notice required under Section 17C-4-401:
1309	(a) (i) a specific description of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project
1310	area; or
1311	(ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy
1312	of the description be sent at no cost to the person by mail or facsimile transmission; and
1313	(B) if the agency has an Internet website, an Internet address where a person may gain
1314	access to an electronic, printable copy of the description;
1315	(b) a map of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project area;
1316	(c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing;
1317	(d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing;
1318	(e) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the agency comments
1319	concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing;
1320	(f) a statement that any person objecting to the draft project area plan or contesting the
1321	regularity of any of the proceedings to adopt it may appear before the agency board at the
1322	hearing to show cause why the draft project area plan should not be adopted; and
1323	(g) a statement that the proposed project area plan is available for inspection at the
1324	agency offices.
1325	(4) An agency may include in a notice under Subsection (1) any other information the
1326	agency considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose served by the project and
1327	any future tax benefits expected to result from the project.

59-2-924.2. Adjustments to the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate.

Section 25. Section **59-2-924.2** is amended to read:

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1330 (1) For purposes of this section, "certified tax rate" means a certified tax rate calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924.

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- (2) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1, 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax rate to offset the increased revenues.
- (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:
- (i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
- (ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1, 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
 - (b) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for purposes of Subsection (3)(a).
 - (4) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort communities sales and use tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under Section 59-12-402.
 - (5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies to each county that:
 - (i) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection 17D-1-201(10); and
- 1355 (ii) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section 1356 17D-1-105.
 - (b) (i) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (5) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.
 - (ii) Each decrease under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall occur contemporaneously with the

1361	levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17D-1-105.
1362	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
1363	(i) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a
1364	public safety district by annexation.
1365	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
1366	public safety district by annexation.
1367	(iii) "Equalized public safety protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:
1368	(A) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
1369	property tax revenue necessary:
1370	(I) in the case of a fire district, to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
1371	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:
1372	(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
1373	(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; or
1374	(II) in the case of a police district, to cover all the costs:
1375	(Aa) associated with providing law enforcement service:
1376	(Ii) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
1377	(IIii) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and
1378	(Bb) that the police district board designates as the costs to be funded by a property
1379	tax; and
1380	(B) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) for all
1381	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
1382	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:
1383	(I) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;
1384	and
1385	(II) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.
1386	(iv) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
1387	Area Act:
1388	(A) created to provide fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and
1389	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
1390	17B-1-214(3)(c).
1391	(v) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included

1392 within a public safety district at the time of the creation of the public safety district. 1393 (vi) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a 1394 public safety district at the time of the creation of the public safety district. (vii) "Police district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service 1395 1396 Area Act, within a county of the first class: 1397 (A) created to provide law enforcement service; and (B) in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection 1398 1399 17B-1-214(3)(c). 1400 (viii) "Public safety district" means a fire district or a police district. 1401 (ix) "Public safety service" means: 1402 (A) in the case of a public safety district that is a fire district, fire protection, 1403 paramedic, and emergency services; and 1404 (B) in the case of a public safety district that is a police district, law enforcement 1405 service. 1406 (b) In the first year following creation of a public safety district, the certified tax rate of 1407 each participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount 1408 of the equalized public safety tax rate. 1409 (c) In the first budget year following annexation to a public safety district, the certified 1410 tax rate of each annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by an 1411 amount equal to the amount of revenue budgeted by the annexing county or annexing 1412 municipality: 1413 (i) for public safety service; and 1414 (ii) in: 1415 (A) for a taxing entity operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year, 1416 the prior calendar year; or 1417 (B) for a taxing entity operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the prior 1418 fiscal year. 1419 (d) Each tax levied under this section by a public safety district shall be considered to

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be levied by:

limitation under Section 59-2-908; and

(i) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax

(ii) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a city.(e) The calculation of a public safety district's certified tax rate for the year of

- (e) The calculation of a public safety district's certified tax rate for the year of annexation shall be adjusted to include an amount of revenue equal to one half of the amount of revenue budgeted by the annexing entity for public safety service in the annexing entity's prior fiscal year if:
 - (i) the public safety district operates on a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year;
- (ii) the public safety district approves an annexation of an entity operating on a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year; and
 - (iii) the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii) takes effect on July 1.
- (7) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3) enacted by the Legislature during the 2007 General Session:
 - (a) personal property tax revenue:
 - (i) received by a taxing entity;

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- (ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
- (iii) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or
- (b) the taxable value of personal property:
- (i) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;
 - (ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
- 1446 (iii) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
 - (8) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies <u>Act</u>, with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, if:
 - (i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a);

(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the previous year; and

- (iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.
- (b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an increase in the certified tax rate that year if:
- (i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a); and
- (ii) the certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.
- (c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act, for the payment of bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a).

Legislative Review Note as of 2-23-10 2:52 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 197 - Community Development and Renewal Agency Amendments

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/26/2010, 4:36:28 PM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A./Attny: VA

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst